

HAS BRIGHT FUTURE

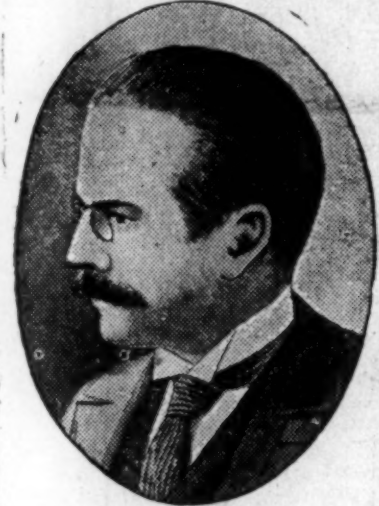
George B. Cortelyou, Private Secretary to the President.

His Success Should Be an Inspiration to Ambitious Young Americans—May Become a Cabinet Member.

The intimation has come from Washington that George B. Cortelyou may become a member of the president's cabinet. Those who know the man best believe that he is worthy of such an honor, and capable of filling such a position. In the United States today there are few more interesting men than George B. Cortelyou, the secretary to the president. Intellectual, energetic, dignified, and courteous, this man seemed endowed by nature and fitted by training to perform the duties and meet the emergencies of his particular work.

The position of secretary to the president of the United States is an arduous one. In the rendering of its multitudinous services, it calls for the business qualifications of a methodical and systematic clerk, in the performance of the daily routine of official work, and the fitness of a practical diplomat in meeting and satisfactorily adjusting situations between the president and an assorted public, each individual of which believes himself entitled to a portion of the time and interest of the chief executive.

Mr. Cortelyou worked his way to his present high position through sheer ability and determination. He is still a young man, 40 years of age, and his success may be regarded as an indication of a still more progressive and brilliant career in the future. He began as a stenographer, and, as a court reporter, was considered one of the most rapid and accurate in the country. In 1891 he became private secretary to the fourth assistant postmaster general. Toward the close of the Cleveland administration he was transferred to the white house. He



GEORGE B. CORTELYOU.

President's Choice for Proposed Portfolio of Commerce.

was for several months a stenographer to the president, and was then appointed executive clerk, which position he held until the beginning of Mr. McKinley's second term, when he was made private secretary.

While in Washington Mr. Cortelyou improved his spare time in the study of the law, and, in 1895, was graduated from the Georgetown University Law school. The following year he took a post-graduate course in the Columbian university.

Mr. Cortelyou was born in New York city July 26, 1862. He was educated in public and private schools, and is a graduate of the Hempstead (L. I.) institute, and of the state normal school at Westfield, Mass. He holds the degree of LL. B. from Georgetown university, and the degree of LL. M. from Columbia university. He was for a while a law reporter in New York, and then was principal of preparatory schools in the same city from 1885 to 1889. In the latter part of 1889 he began his career as a private secretary, having served in this capacity with the post office inspector at New York, the surveyor of the port of New York, and the fourth assistant postmaster general. In November, 1895, he was appointed stenographer to the president; in February, 1896, executive clerk; in July, 1898, assistant secretary, and in April, 1900, upon the resignation of John Addison Porter, on account of ill-health, Mr. Cortelyou was made full secretary.

This is a modest and thoroughly American career. Having had not more than an average preparation for his life's work, Mr. Cortelyou has invariably done the small things that he found to do so well that he has been called to do greater things.

During the four and a half years that Cortelyou served the late President McKinley, first as assistant private secretary and later as private secretary, he developed a remarkable trait of memory.

As assistant secretary it was part of Mr. Cortelyou's duty when the president was traveling to see the reporters from the various newspapers and to furnish them the particulars of the chief executive's plans and movements. Hundreds of reporters throughout the country thus became personally ac-

quainted with Mr. Cortelyou, who not only remembered their faces in connection with the newspapers which they represented, but in the great majority of cases remembered the personal names of the interviewers themselves.

Berlin Has No Filthy Slums.
The very poor of Berlin are better housed than those of any other large city in the world. In fact, there are no filthy slums in the German capital, and the poorest people there are supposed to be tidy.

Crippled by a Sneeze.
The champion sneezer of Pennsylvania is John Hamilton, a druggist, of New Castle. While at work on a prescription he felt a sneeze coming on, and to steady himself clutched a railing. The force of the sneeze was so great that it threw his shoulder out of joint.

His Pension Came Too Late.
Many years ago, Henry Wensler, of Warsaw, Ind., a war veteran, applied for a pension. It has just been granted, and the government has sent him a check for \$25,000. The poor pensioner is not likely to appreciate this fortune, as he is demented.

Slavery as a Punishment.
Fisher Million, a negro who was indicted in 1901 for vagrancy and has been at large since then, was captured at Lawrenceburg and tried the other day before Judge Davis in the county court at Shelbyville, Ky. The judge returned a verdict of guilty and fixed punishment at being sold into servitude for 12 months, the highest penalty. The negro will be put on the block and sold into servitude by Sheriff Briggs if a purchaser can be found. The officials hardly know what to do in the event of no sale.

Sure of a Protecting Hand.
Before a wedding could proceed down in Kentucky the groom had to throw two brothers of the bride out of the church window. Here is one woman at least who may be sure of a protecting hand.

A LEADER?

From the Chicago Conservator.

The Washington BEE, with which we have had a friendly interchange of words on "Negro Leadership," calls on the *Conservator* for an expression of its position on the possibility and practicability of the Negro having leaders.

It is due the BEE to state here that that paper is not only one of the oldest and ablest Negro journals of the country, but it is intensely interested in the advancement of the race, and wears no man's brass collar, and does not teach the young Negro that being appointed to an office makes a chronic office-seeker great when there is "nothing else to him."

The *Conservator* has never seen the need of the Negroes of this country having leaders of any sort except as other people in the wisdom of such leaders. The BEE, *Southwestern Christian Advocate* and other splendid Negro journals contending that the Negro should have or need a national race leader. There is nothing for such a man to do. The present intellectual advancement of the Negro, with his growing knowledge of the different phases of men and things and his consequent diversity of opinion touching the things he is most interested in, preclude the idea of a national organization of 1 or any considerable number of the Negroes of this country for any purpose. You can no more unite the Negro into one party or organization now than you can the whites, and the one is no more needed or desired than the other.

James L. Pugh, Esq., A Successful Prosecutor.

The prosecuting attorney, Mr. James L. Pugh, of the first branch of the Police Court is beyond all doubt one of the most successful prosecuting officers that has ever had charge of that branch of the court. He is popular with the members of the bar and as a prosecuting officer he is conscientious as well as positive in the conduct of his prosecutions. He knows no man, the BEE can say, by the color of his skin, he is a lawyer of ability and is thoroughly informed on the laws of the district. There is no man who has the respect and confidence of his superior officers more than Mr. Pugh. He is an easy prosecutor, that is, he conducts his cases with care and apparently without trouble. He has many friends and admirers who would be pleased to see him on the bench. He is indeed deserving of promotion. The Commissioners could not select a man better suited for the position of prosecuting attorney of the lower branch of the Police Court than Mr. Pugh.

Admiral Schley, Capt. Hobson, and Mr. Crumpacker Declare It.

They Speak for The Disfranchised and Show Them Friendship.

Rear Admiral Schley, Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson, and Representative Crumpacker Monday night delivered addresses to a large audience of citizens at Metropolitan A. M. E. Church, on M street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets northwest. Their expressions of friendship for the colored man and hopefulness about his future were received with demonstrations of intense approval. Several white persons were present. Representative Crumpacker presided and spoke about the Negro in politics.

He said that the ballot was a means, and not an end, with the race. "There are colored men in this country," he declared, "who would honor any race. Let the great colored race become home-owners and home-builders. The white man is apt to consider himself very important, but remember that it took two thousand years to bring him to his present condition of civilization. You have not yet had your chance. The colored race must go up or down, for there is no middle ground."

Representative Crumpacker was followed by Capt. Hobson, who aroused great enthusiasm. "I was brought up with your people," said he, "and in my Southern I was nursed by one of you, who was as tender to me as my own mother was. During the civil war the Negro nobly fulfilled his duty to those of the South left defenseless at home. Your race may call upon me as long as I live, to be the truest friend I know how to be."

"I have a feeling for you also of sincere esteem, respect, and affection. The colored race is one of fighters. At Santiago, when I was released, the first American troops I saw were colored regulars. You have a right to be proud of the blood you have spilled for your country. Do not complain of your social position to-day. What was your brief servitude compared to the long ages of serfdom in Europe in the Dark Ages. Your condition to-day has no comparison to that of the European peasant."



MO GAN H. BEACH ESQ.

The brilliant young United States Attorney, the successor of Judge A. M. Go

"Your destiny lies in work, hard, persistent work. Don't let anybody try to convince you that the victory of the American navy over the Spanish fleets in the war of 1898, was due to the inferiority of the vessels of the latter. We won our battle of Santiago, and even Manila, before the war began. If the Spanish crews had been trained by hard work as ours were, the Spanish fleet at Santiago would have escaped from our blockade and would have then returned to destroy our ships, one by one. Work hard yourselves, as a race, and in America legislation cannot prevent you from taking your proper places according to merit."

Admiral Schley also had praise for the colored man, but was not so outspoken as the other speakers and refrained from discussing the Negro from the point of view of politics. He praised the colored sailors and said they had always been faithful and loyal. "In courage the colored seamen has proved himself, and has shed blood and faced fire for his country," said the admiral, and his sentiment was cheered by the audience for some time. "I shall be the colored man's friend," he concluded, "and shall be glad to see the day when he shall be in all respects what his friends would like to see him be."

Senator Mason was in the audience, but did not speak. On the platform with the speakers were Judge W. Lyons, the Recorder of Deeds, J. C. Llanos, and Thomas Lassiter.

PHILIPPINES FOR NEGRO

SENATOR MORGAN ADVOCATES COLONIZATION PROJECT.

T. THOMAS FORTUNE'S MIS-ION

Gone to Investigate and Report on Condition in the Islands—Alabama Senator Confers with Secretary Root and Gov. Taft on His Plan to Establish the Negro in Our Eastern Possessions.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama is seeking to interest the War department, and incidentally President Roosevelt in a plan to utilize the Philippine Islands for colonizing the negroes of the United States. It is believed that it is largely as a result of Senator Morgan's agitation of the subject that the President has sent a special envoy, T. Thomas Fortune, to the Philippine Islands to make an investigation and report on the conditions there in his effort to have the plan put into execution. Senator Morgan has had frequent consultations with Secretary of War Root, has consulted

Governor Taft, and in other ways urged his project on the officials.

It is the Alabama Senator's purpose in the future to start legislation in Congress for the movement to colonize the negroes in the Philippines. He has not pushed this part of the work, because he believes the time is not ripe yet for legislation. The farmers of the South, he says, think they need the negro laborer now, and until conditions are more favorable he will withhold his proposed legislation. He believes, however, that the move now under way will result eventually in millions of negroes emigrating to the Philippine Islands and working out their own salvation there. This, he says, is the solution of the negro question which now confronts the American people.

Senator Morgan's plan is to incorporate for the negroes steamship transportation companies, to give them home steads of about twenty acres each in the islands, and to give them the best possible commercial advantages. The plan, he says, would not deprive them of their protection under the flag of the United States, it would not deprive them of citizenship, of which they are proud, and it would enable them to become self-sustaining and a prosperous race of people because the land in the Philippine Islands is extremely rich and fertile. The climate is exactly suited to the negro.

Senator Morgan Talks of His Plan. Discussing the subject Monday, Senator Morgan said:



MO GAN H. BEACH ESQ.

The brilliant young United States Attorney, the successor of Judge A. M. Go

"The principal reason for my attitude in the Senate toward retaining the Philippine Islands was my belief that those islands would afford a home for the negroes."

"When I first came to Congress I introduced a resolution to recognize the Congo Free State as an independent nation, merely to afford the negroes of this country a place to which they might immigrate when their numbers increased to an extent that they would make immigration necessary. The resolution passed the Senate and House, and colonization of the negro in the Congo was well under way when the United States acquired the Philippines."

"The acquisition of that territory opens up a new and vast superior country for them. The land is richer, the climate better suited to them, and there they would still be under the flag."

"I took the matter up with Secretary Root, and wrote to Gov. Gen. Taft for information and ideas on the plan of colonizing negroes there. Both were favorable, pressed, and I am glad to know that it has at last been started. All the movement needs is a starter.—Washington Star."

A favorite trick of Alsatian market women is to place six or eight eggs in a small basket, and to declare that those are all the absolutely fresh ones they have. The victim buys them, thinking that if the woman were dishonest she would have offered more "fresh eggs." Afterward the market woman takes six more out of a larger basket which is carefully covered over.

Essential Principle Lacking.

"So I am the fourteenth man that has proposed to you this year, am I?" the young man said, pale with chagrin and mortification. "I suppose I ought to go and suggest to the others that we get up a lovers' trust. There certainly are enough of us."

"I don't see how you could do that, Harold," she said, softly. "The community of interests' idea would be wholly lacking."—Chicago Tribune.

The Fair.

About one year ago Mr. E. P. Schmitz & Co., conducted one store at 1712 14th street northwest. While struggling to succeed he never forgot the poor and needy in the hour of distress. He always had a kind word for those who were oppressed and liberal to the needy. Kindness and liberality to the poor won their confidence which is evident now by the establishment of two addi-

tional stores at 730 7th street and 818 7th street northwest, formerly occupied by Hudson. Mr. Schmitz & Co., conducts the largest stores in the city where you can purchase all kinds of household goods, toys for children, school supplies and anything for the pleasure of children and the household. Mr. Schmitz has accommodating clerks who will treat you well when you call. Say to him that you saw this notice in The Bee. Those who are up town go to 1712 14th street northwest, while those who are down town go to 730 and 818 7th street northwest. Go early and avoid the rush. Mention The Bee.

Mr. Newell, Chief Hydrographer of Geological Survey.

Author of the Great Scheme of Arid Land Reclamation in the West, Recently Indorsed by the Congress.

It seems odd that the man who is chiefly responsible for the great scheme of irrigation in the vast arid regions of the west should have learned his earliest lessons in irrigation in Massachusetts.

The man to whom, more than to anyone else, is due the credit for mapping out this great and expensive plan of reclamation is Frederick H. Newell, chief hydrographer of the United States geological survey, who, though born in Bradford, Pa., is descended from old New England stock, and was himself brought up on a Bay state farm, after taking a course of engineering instruction at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

His father before him was a civil engineer, and it is a curious circumstance that his grandfather, Artemus Newell, who once conducted a farm about 12 miles from Boston, was the first man north of Mexico and California, to introduce a practical system of irrigation.

This sturdy New England son of the soil during the early part of President Buchanan's administration had occasion to make a trip to southern France, and there had his eyes opened to the value of irrigation as a means of rendering fruitful otherwise unproductive wastes of sandy land.

Mr. Newell's interest in this system appears to have been transmitted to his son and grandson, for the latter, from the time he first set eyes on the original irrigation plant on the old Newell homestead, became an enthusiast.

By the time he was six, as a result of his boyish studies of the

Newell plant, he had mastered practically every detail of irrigation and could run the plant, with its ditches and sluice gates, about as well as his grandfather could.

After receiving the rudiments of his education at Needham, Mass., young Newell took a course in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and after graduation went to Colorado in 1882 to engage in mining.

Subsequently he entered the geological survey, where he proceeded to make a specialty of irrigation, and no man was more proud and delighted than was he when the last congress indorsed his ideas by making an appropriation of some \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000 for the purpose of beginning this great work.

A recent statement by Mr. Newell, in the Boston Globe, concerning his course as a member of the geological survey, contains an important lesson for young men.

"When I first entered the service of the geological survey," said Mr. Newell, "I saw that there was very little chance for any one to forge ahead unless he originated something altogether new and aside from the general line of work as it was then carried on by the survey."

"Every department was filled by some person well advanced in years who had originated and built up his own particular line of work, and I determined, therefore, to turn my knowledge of irrigation to account. Running my eye over the map of the west, I saw whole states and sections of states, arid, unsettled and unfit for habitation."

"Unless something was done to convert these barren and arid tracts into fruitful and habitable lands, many of these territories could never gain populations large enough to become states, but would continue for all time to remain territories."

"I, therefore, inaugurated and developed plans for a complete hydrographic survey of the west, to ascertain the practicability of irrigation in those parts. This survey is still in progress, and has proven a complete success."

The areas in which the various regions to be treated on this vast scale extend from Canada to Mexico and from the Missouri river to the Pacific, and the work of survey has only just begun.

The reclaimed lands are to be sold to settlers, not more than 160 acres being allowed to one person, and in this way the work will soon be made practically self-supporting, the revenue derived from the first lands reclaimed being utilized to irrigate another section.

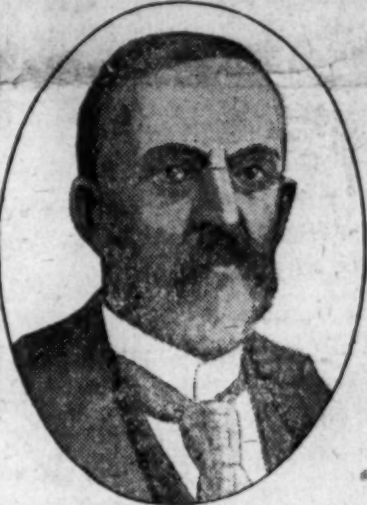
PEACE IS RESTORED.

Warring Factions in Colombia Will Fight No Longer.

Termination of Hostilities is of Particular Interest to Us on Account of Pending Canal Negotiations.

Colombian's reported conclusion of peace is full of interest to the United States. It is on general principles pleasing to know that our southern neighbor has reached the end of a struggle which was tedious and disastrous in the extreme. It is a relief to be rid of the necessity of keeping guard over our interests at Panama and occasionally intervening in their behalf with force and arms. There have been complaints made against such intervention, by both parties to the conflict on the isthmus, largely, if not entirely, unfounded. The treaty rights of the United States to intervene for the protection of its property and the maintenance of free traffic on the railroads cannot be disputed. It may well be that such intervention hampered the belligerent activities of one or both of the parties. But if so their quarrel was with the treaty, and not with our enforcement of its provisions. Certainly the government, now that it has won the day, must realize that it is far better to have the railroad and its terminals in good order and in operation than it would have been but for United States intervention. The establishment of peace is thus welcome as a vindication of American action.

Another highly important consideration is that the return of peace will expedite a definite settlement of the canal question. Being rid of the insurrection, the Bogota government can apply itself to that question without distraction. It is high time for it to do so to a practical purpose says the New York Tribune. There has already been too much delay and too much backing and filling. For



DR. J. M. MARROQUIN.

(Compromise President of the Republic of Colombia, C. A.)

years past the Colombian government has professed to be eager for the United States to purchase and complete the unfinished ditch of the French company. This country has been given to understand that every facility will be offered it for the prompt completion of the canal on the most liberal terms. But now that it is ready and eager to begin the work, Colombia seems inclined to temporize and to ask impossible conditions. There does not seem to be the slightest justification for the reported attempt to increase the rental price. It is understood that Colombia was willing to accept a certain price a year or two ago, when it was not certain that the United States would want to build at Panama. Nothing has occurred since then to make the concession more valuable. As for Colombia's reluctance to grant to this country complete and permanent control of the strip of land containing the canal, her own conduct and condition demonstrate its unreasonableness. It would be simply intolerable to have the canal exposed to the disturbances which for months past have beset the Panama railroad.

The terms proposed by the United States are not only reasonable, they are generous to Colombia. It is for Colombia to accept them or reject them. Whichever she does she should do thoughtfully and advisedly, for the decision is one fraught with incalculable importance to her future, but she should, and indeed must, do it promptly. The United States must not be kept waiting like a party to an old-fashioned New England horse trade. For the Panama route, as our Colombian friends should remember, is not the only one. There is another at Nicaragua, which has some advantages over that at Panama, and which we can have for the asking. The president is as fully authorized to accept and adopt it as he is to conclude arrangements with Colombia, and if he should do so that would mean an ending of the Panama canal. Whichever route this country adopts will therefore be the only one Colombia cannot afford to run any unnecessary risk of being left in the lurch forever.

THE NEGRO ATTORNEY.

What He is Doing for his Clients. The Race's Appreciation of his Services. Some of the Few Successful Ones.

It is always a pleasure to THE BEE when it can speak truthfully about men and measures. The Bee has from time to time spoken of the failures, deceptions, the rise and progress of members of the bar and especially those who are identified with the Negro race.

There was a time when the colored attorney had an uphill road. A time when the colored people had but little faith in the colored attorney and when two or three men then were constantly employed to do all the work.

The colored attorney has made great progress within the last few years. He is now employed in almost every branch of the legal profession.

Howard University has done a great work in its law school. This institution has introduced some bright men in the law and there are many who stand very high in that profession. It is the object of THE BEE to speak briefly of a few of the men who are doing well in the legal profession and graduates of the Howard Law School. There is perfect harmony among the white and colored members of the bar, but a great deal of discord among the colored members. They don't seem to work in harmony and many of them rather see their associates and companions lose a case than to win it. The colored members of the bar owe a great deal to Prof. B. F. Leighton, dean of the Law Department of Howard University, who has turned out many a successful lawyer and men who have combatted with him although his pupils, he has not been the man to rebuke them, but will help them. There was a time when many of the lawyers had no offices. To-day many of them are as well equipped as their white associates. An opinion has prevailed among many colored people that a colored attorney doesn't stand as well with the judge as the white lawyer. This opinion prevails more among the so-called educated and quasi society colored people than any other class. They call "fluency" with the judge. If many of them would visit the courts more, they will be convinced that the Negro attorney stands as high in the estimation of the courts as the white attorney. It is this class of colored people that injures the Negro in the profession. This class will more or less seek the white attorney and pay him his fee. Another great fault with many colored people is that they don't have enough confidence in their own lawyers. THE BEE, as it is well known, recognizes merit and speaks of and commends men of principles and integrity. The colored attorney gets more abuse than he deserves and is not given the credit that is due him. As an evidence of the progress of the colored attorney, THE BEE will point out a few of the most successful and reliable members of the bar among the Negroes.

Mr. Thomas L. Jones is beyond all doubt one of the most successful criminal lawyers at the bar. He is a product of Howard University. He has defended and won more murder cases than any other colored member of the bar and equally as many as any white. He is a forcible speaker and a man who can awake from a dream and speak. He has a good practice and a fine law library.

Mr. Fountain Peyton is one of the best reasoners at the bar. He is not so eloquent but he is a successful dissector of testimony. He is a man of property and one of the most successful lawyers at the bar.

Mr. J. M. King is more of a civil lawyer. His cases are always well prepared and he thoroughly understands his cases and his arguments are always convincing. He has a good civil practice. Mr. King is an easy speaker but he lays no claims to eloquence.

Mr. P. W. Frisby has not been here at the bar so long, but the time he has he has made good use of it. He deals more largely in real estate. For neatness and care, Mr. Frisby stands above the average member of the bar. He is a busy man always.

Mr. Royal Hughes is a hustler. His practice is both civil and criminal. He has a good library and a well furnished office. Mr. Hughes is a genial young man and has about made up his mind to become a benedict.

Mr. J. F. Bundy is in the real estate business very largely. He also has a good civil practice.

Mr. W. L. Pollard, whose practice is largely civil, is one of the most careful lawyers at the bar. He uses his time very well considering the number of enterprises in which he is engaged. He is one of the genial young men at the bar.

Among many others who are doing well are Messrs R. R. Horner, J. H. Smith, M. T. Clinkscales, John A. Moss, who was at one time the leading colored member of the bar, J. T. Stewart and Cobb.

Mr. W. C. Martin is more of a pension attorney and no doubt the only colored member of the bar who deals largely in pension cases. He also deals largely in civil cases. He is a dignified speaker and a man who attends to his own business.

There are two Justices of the Peace in the persons of E. M. Hewlett and Robert H. Terrell, who are doing well.

SEEN IN THE STORES.

Mauve and pink furniture is one of the latest artistic fancies—mauve wood, pink, satin, brocade and curtains shot with both colors and figured with flowers.

Pretty nut bowls of wood, decorated with burnt woodwork and resting on three short supports, are not only desirable but seem particularly adapted to the use intended.

One of the prettiest plants for home decoration shown by the florists is a begonia with delicate pale pink blooms that intermingle with the dark-green leaves in a way that delights the eye.

The newest side comb is the horse-shoe comb and comes in light and dark tortoise shell. Then there are combs with rope-coiled tops and jeweled evening combs that cost a small fortune.



Col. M. M. PARKER,

National Committee for the District of Columbia, Leading Republican and the n Washington.



JAMES L. PUGH.

Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of the Police Court.



SENATOR MARCUS A. HANNA,

Who employs colored men as conductors and motormen on his street railroads and the man who never has a strike. The next President of the United States.



FOUNTAIN PEYTON.



JNO. A. MOSS



T. L. JONES.



PERRI W. FRISBY.

WILLIAM ALDEN SMITH.

Michigan Congressman Who Is Anxious to Succeed Burrows as United States Senator.

William Alden Smith, of Grand Rapids, Mich., is a candidate from his state in place of Julius Caesar Burrows, whose term expires March 3, 1905. The death of Senator McMillan worked a revolution in that state's politics, and, in the overturning, Former Secretary of War Alger came to the surface and Burrows went under. Smith is the Fidus Achates of Alger.

William Smith is an able young man of the self-made brand so common in American political life. Like a half dozen other statesmen he began his business career blacking other people's



WILLIAM ALDEN SMITH.

(Michigan Congressman Who Wants to Succeed Senator Burrows.)

shoes. He got an early political bent by serving as page in the Michigan legislature; there he discovered how easy it is to be a statesman and he determined to be one himself. In course of time he gave up shoe blackening, paper selling, popcorn peddling, train-butchering, and the like occupations and studied law. Then he went into the business of owning railroad companies and newspapers and coming to congress.

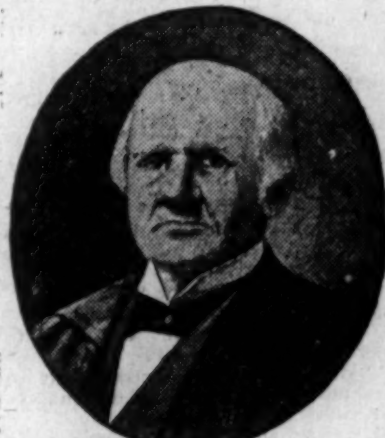
There is hardly a smoother or more genial proposition in congress than William Alden Smith. He has fled down the rough places for a gentleman of taste, refinement, and education. Dartmouth college has given him an honorary M. A., and there is no Smith dormitory or laboratory as yet among the college buildings. When it comes to turning a pretty oratorical phrase, there are none better. Beveridge is more valuable, but not so graceful. Smith's anti-reciprocity speech last winter was one of the events of the season, says the Chicago Journal.

Smith likes society. Last year he began entertaining just to get into practice for the heavier work which he knew was coming. This winter he will have a house near Dupont circle.

MR. JUSTICE HARLAN.

He Has Been an Honored Member of the United States Supreme Court for 25 Years.

Justice John Marshall Harlan, whose twenty-fifth anniversary as associate justice of the United States supreme court was celebrated by a large banquet on December 9, was appointed to that important position on November 29, 1877, just 27 years after his graduation from the celebrated Center college, Kentucky, in which so many noted Americans imbibed their early



MR. JUSTICE HARLAN.

(Famous Jurist Who Has Been on the Supreme Bench 25 Years.)

draughts of learning. The young lawyer began practice at Frankfort, removed afterward to Louisville, and made several unsuccessful campaigns as candidate on republican tickets, principally for governor. He served on the Behring sea tribunal in 1893, but otherwise his duties of supreme justice have engaged all his time for the last quarter of a century.

Britons Marry Boer Women.

Britons making South Africa their home are marrying Boer women. Two of these unions have just taken place at Port Elizabeth. The bridegrooms were stalwart members of the South African constabulary, and the brides genuine Boer maidens who, with their imperfect knowledge of the English language, had some difficulty in getting through the marriage service. But this little hitch was overcome, and the girls looked happy as they drove away in their wedding carts. The vehicles were decorated with yellow ribbons, the ex-Free State color, while the horses were adorned with red, white and blue.

Blue Foxes Are Monogamous.

The blue foxes of the Fribyloff islands are monogamous. An attempt has been made to teach them polygamy by killing only the males and sparing the females, but it has failed.

The Bee.

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City Subscribers, monthly..... 20

Mr. Fortune's Mission.

THE BEE has just learned that the mission of Editor T. Thomas Fortune to the Philippines is to ascertain whether that climate is suitable for the American Negro. If Mr. Fortune should report favorably the presumption is there will be a deportation of the American Negroes to that hot country. So far as the editor of THE BEE is concerned, it makes no difference to him what Mr. Fortune's report is, America is good enough for him and the District of Columbia at that. If there are any ambitious American Negroes who are tired of America and desire to go to the Philippines and die of yellow fever or some other disease he is welcome to go. It is about time to permit the Negro to rest himself. If this country is too small for the white man and the black man, and the white man is dissatisfied, there are enough islands in the Philippines to hold him and the sooner Senator Morgan of Alabama offers a "help bill" in the Senate, after Mr. Fortune's report, the money sharks will be glad to assist him to circulate the funds that may be appropriated by Congress. President Roosevelt might have saved the money that it took to send Mr. Fortune away to ascertain the condition of that country and cablegraphed what he desired to know and write an open letter to the American Negroes and advised to skip if they desired. No doubt Prof. Booker T. Washington was consulted before his friend Fortune was appointed. The prediction of THE BEE is that Mr. Fortune will write a long-winded report describing the beauties of this yellow fever country, and conclude by saying, it is just the country for the American Negroes. That is if he is not attacked with the yellow fever before he returns and makes his report. Look out for it.

Southern Representation.

From the Evening Star.

Senator Pritchard was standing at the White House door when Senator Quay of Pennsylvania walked out. "Well, here are the 'lily whites,'" asked the Pennsylvania senator. "In splendid shape," answered the North Carolina Senator. "What do you think now about representation in the next national convention?" asked Senator Quay. "Well, I am going to support any effort to reduce the representation of the southern states in the national conventions according to the vote polled by them," said Senator Pritchard. "I believe that is the only fair method, and I am for it. Let the representation be according to the republican vote polled." "I am with you," said Senator Quay, "and I am glad you have taken that position at last." The statement of Senator Pritchard was somewhat of a surprise. Heretofore southern republicans have unanimously opposed the reduction of their representation in convention, and the change of sentiment by so influential a republican of the south will cause consternation in the ranks of the party in that section. "I do not favor cutting down the representation of the south in Congress," said Senator Pritchard, "as I do not believe Congress has the right to do that under the Constitution."

THE BEE begs leave to inform Senator Quay as well as Mr. Pritchard, that when any attempt is made to cut down representation in the south, the negroes in the north, east and west will give the republican managers to understand that that is a game at which two can play. It will be cowardice to cut down southern republican representation and allow democratic representation to stand, especially when it is a notorious fact that almost every congressman from the south

including senators who were elected by fraud and hold their seats by virtue of these fraudulent election methods adopted to disfranchise negro republicans. Is Congress afraid to strike at the democrats in the south? Has Senator Quay come to the conclusion that it is best to cut down representation in the south? Well, just attempt it and you will soon find out that the negroes throughout this country will teach the republican party a lesson. If the republican party can be led by the nose by the enemies of the negro, that party must suffer the consequences. Southern republicans are not to blame for the present condition of affairs in the south. A republican Congress is to blame for the conditions in the south, but it is too cowardly to strike the blow where it should be struck.

The Evening Star.

THE BEE congratulates its neighbor, the *Evening Star*, which ended its 50th anniversary on last Tuesday, December 6th. Some thirty-five years ago the editor of THE BEE was then a newsboy and took great delight in selling the *Star* which is to-day a benefactor in this country and a champion of human rights irrespective of color or religious creed. The editor of this paper was among the first colored boys at that



CROSBY S. NOYES, Editor of The Star and Defender of Human Rights.

time, who was permitted to sell daily papers upon the public streets. The Irish of Swampoodle, who monopolized every space at the *Star* office window would not permit colored boys to sell papers, but the editor of the *The Bee*, who fought then as he does now, was always able to hold his own in any combat with the Irish who were in the majority and who were vindictive and selfish. All of the Irish were not mean. The editor of THE BEE always could find friends among some of those who were inimical to Negro newsboys.

The *Star* has steadily pushed its way upward and onward and to-day it takes front rank in American journalism.

The *Star* is not only a champion and advocate of human rights, but it is a paying enterprise as well as a household companion. The Afro-Americans of this country find in the *Star* a true advocate and defender of their rights, for which they feel grateful. There is no paper in this country that has been a greater friend to the colored American than the *Star*, and THE BEE on behalf of millions of colored Americans tenders gratitude and congratulations on its fiftieth anniversary.

The next move that Mr. Pritchard makes will be to elect lily white delegates to the next national republican convention.

The lily white movement in the south will not die so long as it is encouraged.

The democratic party will not make any more mistakes stated a prominent member of that party a few days ago.

Those people who want Christ, may goods should patronize those who advertise in THE BEE.

Every old crook who wanted to cheat his creditors, pretended that he lost money in the Capital savings bank.

If the colored people are so much interested in the Capital savings bank they should offer assistance.

There is every reason to believe that the next Congress will give us

some kind of a stage in the Disfranchisement of Columbia.

Dr. Ryburn deserves credit for the fight he is making for suffrage.

The people of the District of Columbia are a set of cowards. They allow themselves to be taxed, without a protest.

Political Folly.

Just why President Roosevelt should hesitate to reappoint Postmaster Vick at Wilson, N. C., is something the country cannot understand. Mr. Roosevelt is reported to have said, that if he found that Mr. Vick did not support the party organization, he would not appoint him. THE BEE would like to know what he means by party organization? If he means that he did not support the organization represented by Senator Pritchard otherwise called the lily whites then Mr. Vick was right and the country will sustain him.

FIDDLES IN HIS SLEEP.

Untrained Harvey Joyce, of Tingley, Pa., Develops Truly Marvelous Musical Gift.

Harvey Joyce, of Tingley, Pa., who has never had any musical training, while in a somnambulistic state can play a violin with the skill of a professional.

Joyce is a planing hand. His fellowworker and roommate is John Richler, who plays the violin at dances and other festivities. A few nights ago Richler awoke to see Joyce standing in the middle of the room with the violin in his hand. Richler saw by the fixed gaze of

Joyce's eyes that he was in a somnambulistic state. Suddenly Joyce struck up a familiar tune. Richler immediately recognized it as one he had played on various festive occasions. Joyce also rendered other selections, some of which Richler was familiar with, while others he never remembered having heard.

The impromptu programme consisted of selections ranging from the inspiring music of the waltz to the most difficult classical selection.

The midnight concert was brought to a sudden close by Richler leaning too far over in his excitement and falling out of bed, awakening the somnambulistic musician.

Joyce was apparently very much astonished to find himself in that attitude with the violin in his hands. He looked to Richler for an explanation. When informed of what had occurred he was as much surprised as Richler was.

FOURTH OF HIS KIND.

Gov.-Elect Garvin, of Rhode Island, Has Had But Three Democratic Predecessors.

Lucius F. C. Garvin, governor-elect, will be the fourth democrat to occupy the chief executive office in Rhode Island since 1797. Three other democratic governors have served terms as follows: Gov. Allen, 1850-51-52-53; William Sprague (dem-conservative), 1860-61; "Honest John" W. Davis, 1887-



LUCIUS F. C. GARVIN, (Democrat Who Has Recently Been Elected Governor of Rhode Island.)

1888, 1890-91. Dr. Garvin's plurality is greater than the majorities received by all the other democratic governors while candidates for their six terms. "Honest John" W. Davis, of Pawtucket, however, had a majority of one branch of the general assembly with him (the house), while Dr. Garvin will have only a very strong working force, as the legislature is republican by 22 on joint ballot and the house is republican by four votes.

Dr. Garvin is a Vermonter by parentage, reared in Tennessee and North Carolina, where his father, an Amherst graduate, taught in two colleges. Young Lucius was graduated from Amherst in 1862 and immediately enlisted in company E, Fifty-first Massachusetts, remaining until his company was mustered out. He then entered the Harvard medical school, from which he was graduated in 1867. At first a republican, he supported Tilden in 1876 and has fought under the democratic banner ever since.

He entered Rhode Island politics in 1883, when he was elected to the general assembly and, with the exception of two years, has served continuously in one branch or the other of that body.

GOOD WORK COUNTS.

New System of Promotions for the Pension Bureau.

Commissioner Ware Announces That Merit Alone Is to Be Considered in the Selection of Men for Positions.

Pension Commissioner Eugene F. Ware has adopted a system of promotions for his bureau which he intends to make a permanent feature. The system is explained in the following letter of instructions to a special committee on promotions: "I want you to pick out the best men you can find in the bureau for each place, three from which I can select. I want to promote for merit. I want to establish an incentive. Therefore you will not overlook the quiet man who attends to his duty. Do not forget the man who has no statesman interfering for him. Remember the old soldier and prefer him when his merits and capability are equal. Give no precedence to political pull, and do not let religion or nativity cut any figure. When merits are equal, and only when equal, take a republican instead of a democrat."

In explaining his system, Mr. Ware said to a New York Times correspondent:

"My first lesson on assuming this office was that the most remarkable pressure was brought to bear on the commissioner of pensions to appoint men to positions in the bureau who had had no experience in the office. I had two \$1,800 positions to fill, and I hoped to postpone the selection of men for those places until I had fully familiarized myself with the office conditions. But I found I had to make those appointments and make them soon. I think there were over 400 men presented to me with the strongest endorsements for those two jobs."

"Well, nearly all of the applicants were well fitted for the work, but as I looked about the office I saw a good many other men who had worked here for years, who had developed the most valuable knowledge and ex-



HON. EUGENE F. WARE, (A Firm Exponent of Civil Service That Assures Reform.)

perience here—many of them old soldiers—and I made up my mind that if anyone was made an \$1,800 clerk it should be the man who had proved his ability and his steadiness right here under fire, so to speak. I'll appoint outsiders as places for them may be created, but they will have to go in at the bottom of the ladder."

"That was my first principle—that no outsider should be jumped over the heads of efficient clerks already in the office. My second principle was this: That men in the office should be promoted, not jumped half a dozen grades at once, and should be promoted entirely on merit. Those two 'dictums,' so to speak, are the basis of this new system of promotions."

"I meet my chiefs of divisions, assistant chiefs, chief clerk and deputy commissioners every week. We have a little congress here with about 40 members. This system was evolved little by little by that congress. I explained my purpose as to promotions. I told them all that merit, tried and proved, was to be the only consideration. Then, when the first vacancy arose, I appointed a special committee of three chiefs of division to serve as a select committee on promotions in that instance."

"Those gentlemen acted exactly according to my instructions. They sent me a list of men from whom I could choose. Every man on that list was of the highest possible grade. A good many were democrats. The democrats feel that when head-lapping is to be done his head will be the first to go. So he has two incentives to become one of the best clerks in the office."

"I made the promotions with this help from the selection committee of division chiefs. Then when I gave each man his commission I gave him a letter along this line:

"This is to say that you do not owe your promotion to political influence or to the commissioner or to your friends. You were promoted solely on account of merit, and I hope that while you remain in the bureau you will continue the course which gave you this promotion."

Family of Heavyweights. Three remarkable children are possessed by Mr. and Mrs. Louis Egert, of Newark, N. J. Harry, aged four and one-half years, weighs 182 pounds; Esther, aged two and a half years, tips the scale at 120 pounds; and Minnie, a baby of ten months, weighs 33 pounds.

UNITED STATES WINS.

Dutch Jurist Decides Russia Must Pay Damage for Illegal Seizure of Sealing Ships.

Prof. Asser, the Dutch jurist, who has been arbitrating the claims of American sealers for the seizure of their vessels by the Russian government about ten years ago, has delivered his award in favor of the United States. He appraises the damages in the case of the American schooner C. H. White at \$32,444, in the case of the James Hamilton Lewis at \$28,588, the Kate and Anna at \$1,488, and the Cape Horn Pigeon at \$38,750.

In giving his reasons for the award Prof. Asser held that the schooner C. H. White was seized outside Russian territorial waters, and that the Russian contention that a warship of one



DR. T. M. C. ASSER, (Has Decided Behring Sea Dispute in Favor of United States.)

nation was entitled to pursue beyond the boundaries of its territorial seas a ship of another nation guilty of illegal action within these waters, was untenable.

The arbitrator declared that the jurisdiction of the state could not extend beyond its territorial waters except by special treaty. The seizure and confiscation of the C. H. White and the imprisonment of its crew was, therefore, illegal, and Russia was condemned to pay the C. H. White \$32,444, with interest at six per cent.

The case of the James Hamilton Lewis is governed by the same decision, while in the case of the Cape Horn Pigeon, Prof. Asser, in fixing the damages of \$38,750 and the interest at six per cent., held that the general principle that damages should include the prospective profits of which the victim had been deprived applied equally to international litigation.

In the case of the Kate and Anna the arbitrator decided that the captain could have continued seal hunting, and that, therefore, Russia was not responsible for the prospective profits.

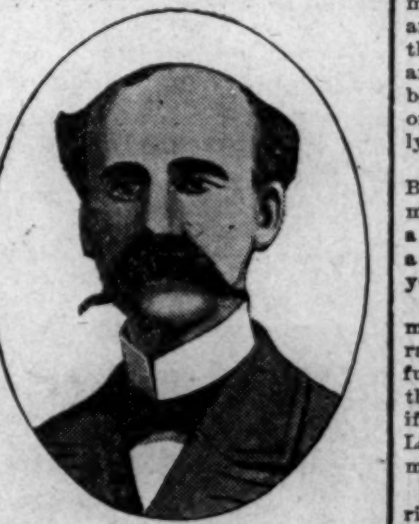
Both the James Hamilton Lewis and Kate and Anna are given six per cent. interest on the amount awarded.

The dispute was the subject of protracted negotiations, resulting in an agreement in 1900 between Count Lamsdorf, acting minister of foreign affairs of Russia, and Herbert H. D. Pierce, United States charge d'affaires of St. Petersburg, designating Prof. Asser, a member of the council of state of the Netherlands, an arbitrator.

HIGH HONOR FOR HARDY.

Norfolk (Va.) Financier Elected President of American Bankers' Association for 1903.

The American Bankers' association is without doubt one of the most influential social and business organizations of the world. Its member-



CALDWELL HARDY, (New President of the Bankers' Association of America.)

ship is composed of bank presidents and managers and the heads of great financial institutions of New York, Boston, Chicago, and other large cities, together with the most prominent officials of the United States treasury department.

The association held its annual meeting for 1902 at New Orleans, a short time ago, and elected Mr. Caldwell Hardy its president for the ensuing year. Mr. Hardy is one of the leading financiers of Norfolk, Va., where he is president of the Norfolk national bank. He is a native of North Carolina, a former resident of Brooklyn, and a graduate in the science of banking from the institutions of Wall street. Mr. Hardy has been connected with the Norfolk national bank since 1885, when, upon its organization, he was installed as its cashier.

How He Might Be Identified. An amusing story is being told in Paris of an Auvergnat coal merchant of that city, who was found intoxicated in the streets. Asked who he was, he said he didn't know, "but go and ask the coal merchant in the Rue des Ecoles. If he is at home, I don't know who I am, if he's out, it's me."

DID NOT COME BACK.

Uncle Michael Fooled His Long-Lost Little Niece.

He Was Received Cordially and Tea Was Brewed for Him, But He Escaped Before Giving Up Any of His Riches.

And now Lady Gwendolyn would again be in a position to thwart the dark Machiavellian schemes of Sir Reginald Montmorency de Gueph. She could hardly believe her eyes as she hastily scanned the letter once more, that told her her uncle, Baron Ruperto, had forgiven her on his deathbed and made her heiress to his vast domains and his roll of £20,000,000 a year. What could she do with this money? The fatality which from her earliest years had—

At this point in the exciting story, says the New York World, Mrs. Bessie Seeley laid aside her paper-covered novel and hastened to the door of her room on the third floor of 309 West One Hundred and Forty-Eighth street, for some one had knocked.

It was on the afternoon of July 15 last. Remember the date.

She opened wide the door and a stranger, an old, old man, stepped over the threshold. His clothes were travel-stained and his face weather-beaten and lined with wrinkles, but there was a merry twinkle in his blue eyes as he said:

"Bessie, I have found you at last. 'Sir!' said Mrs. Seeley, drawing herself up with dignity.

"You—you do not know me," faltered the old man. "I can hardly blame you, child, for you have never seen me before. But I would know you from your likeness to your mother. She was my sister Bessie, and I am your old Uncle Michael. I have come all the way from England to find you and to place you in a position such as you should occupy in the world. I am very wealthy. Little girl, and I shall



"SIR!" SAID MRS. SEELEY.

make you my sole heiress, for I am childless."

"Come in," said Mrs. Seeley, in a trembling voice. "Forgive me that I did not know you, Uncle Ruperto—I mean Michael; but, as you say, I never saw you before—and, indeed, I never heard of you. But there, there—don't look so distressed, uncle, dear. Sit you down and I will do my best to make your declining days peaceful and happy."

The old man took the proffered chair and sighed deeply.

"I am very weary," he said. "Have come a long, long way to find you. Brew me a cup of tea, Bessie, for it will strengthen your old uncle."

There was no tea in the house, but Mrs. Seeley, all a-flutter with excitement, untied her apron, put on her hat, and said that she would run down to the corner grocery and get some tea and a pound of tripe. She would not be gone five minutes. She went, and on her way into the house met her newly-found uncle in the hallway.

"Run up and brew the tea for me, Bessie," he said. "I will be back in a minute. I have forgotten something—a little surprise for you, Bessie; just a little surprise your old uncle has for you."

"Bless his dear old heart!" murmured Mrs. Seeley to herself as she ran up the stairs. "He is so thoughtful. And to think that it is just like the story I was reading. Oh, I wonder if I shall have £20,000,000 a year like Lady Gwendolyn. It is a great deal of money."

And then she brewed the tea for her rich old Uncle Michael and waited for his return. That was on July 15, as has been stated. She waited all the afternoon. Then she grew a trifle suspicious. She discovered that her husband's alleged gold watch, an heirloom, was missing. It has been missing ever since.

But the other day Mrs. Seeley found her Uncle Michael again. She saw him on Eighth avenue and called the attention of a policeman to him. He was arrested, and at the station-house said he was Michael Egan, 58 years old, of One hundred and Seventy-fourth street and Jerome avenue. He said he had never seen Mrs. Seeley before and denied emphatically that he was her uncle. But Magistrate Zeller had his doubts and so held Uncle Michael in \$1,000 bail in the Harlem police court for trial.

Chinese Are Fond of Ducks.

Ducks are the most numerous fowls in China, and form the chief animal food of the Mongolians. They are kept on every farm, and on all the lakes and smaller streams. There are many boats in some of which as many as 2,000 are kept.

Pens Made of Bamboo. Bamboo pens have been used in India for over 100 years. They are made like the ordinary pen, and for a few hours' writing are said to be very serviceable.



Miss Estelle O. Hall, of Atlanta, Ga., will be the guest of Miss Ida Washington, 336 Spruce street northwest, LeDroit Park during the holidays.

Miss Cooper of the High School 1 has entirely recovered of the rheumatism under the care of Dr. Francis.

If you want good cake for Christmas go to Geo. S. Rueth 1009 New York avenue n. w.

The Baptists met in Shiloh church Tuesday for the purpose of adopting a constitution to facilitate missionary work.

Miss Mamie Middleton has been indisposed for several days.

Miss Hattie Hamer who is now teaching in Calvert County, Md., will be home for the holidays.

Miss Lizzie Hitchings of Baltimore, Md., will be the guest of Miss Effie Middleton during the holidays.

The Young ladies' Sec-to-no musical club will be one of the coming organizations in the city.

Miss Louisa Smith, Principal of G.I. dings School will spend the holidays in Boston.

Misses Lee and Grimke of the physical culture department will visit their relatives in Boston during their vacation.

Mrs. Turner of 1630 Columbia street has been quite ill.

Mr. Wm. J. Donovan, the best known club man in the city, has an inventive genius. He always has new on the boards. Try his famous liquors.

Mrs. A. N. Cooper of 925 18th street northwest and Miss Emma Carrington will leave the city for New York next week.

Mr. Alexander Middleton has returned from Hot Springs, Va.

Mr. Wilson Fletcher who has been quite sick for several weeks is improving.

Little Helen Martin, the daughter of Mrs. Addie Martin who has been sick, is much better.

Prof. Clarence White, is in Indianapolis, Ind. He is to appear there in a recital.

Mr. Lester, of Philadelphia, Pa., father of officer Lester was in the city last week.

Mr. Moses Smith, of Massachusetts ave., northwest is quite ill at his home.

Col. W. A. Pledger of Georgia, Editor of the Atlanta Age, and Col. H. L. Johnson, Attorney at law, of Atlanta, Ga., are in the city on business.

Miss Nanie R. Lee who has been teaching at Flushing, N. Y., will be in the city next week the guest of her sister.

Miss Sallie Goines of the Sewing Department, Public Schools, is very much indisposed this week.

Miss Ida C. Turner and Mr. Wm. Payne were married November 29th in Newark, N. J., from which place they came to this city, and after spending a few days with the parents of the bride on 6th street extended, left for St. Paul, Minn., their future home, where the groom is conducting a large tailoring establishment. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Turner are the parents of the bride.

Miss Estelle Wilkinson, the eldest daughter of Mr. J. F. N. and Rachel Wilkinson died at the residence of her parents 901 E street southwest, on last Thursday morning, December 11th. She was buried from Israel Bethel church last Sunday, December 14th at 2 o'clock p. m.

The colored night schools gave public exercises at the M street High school last Friday December 19th. Addresses were delivered by Mr. James F. Bundy, Justice E. H. Terrell and Daniel Thompson. There was a spelling match under Mr. Raymond Riddan director of the night schools, Mr. F. L. Cardozo Jr., principal.

Dr. John A. Turner, special agent of Pension office and who is stationed at Fine Bluff, Ark., had his satchel stolen from him on his his new post of duty. He left his satchel in charge of a stranger, while he went to get a cup of coffee. He lost his fifteen dollar revolver and all of his official papers. The doctor has the profound sympathy of his friends. The doctor will be short of Christmas cash.

The concert given for the benefit of Miss Gertrude Brown at Zion Baptist Church, southwest, sometime ago was of a high order and a financial success. After prayer by Rev. W. J. Howard the pastor, the program was as follows: Piano voluntary, Prof. J. Wesley, Quartette selected, Misses N. L. Ward, Lettie Alexander and Messrs. Edward Luckett and Wm. Green of the Ebenezer Church; Epworth League choir, solo, "The Sailor Lad"; Mr. M. R. Petersen, instrumental duet, "Nearer My God to Thee"; Prof. J. Wesley and

Mrs. Rubie H. Adams Dabney

Memorial Exercises Held Last Sunday in Zion Baptist Church—Many excellent Speeches Made—Lawyer Martin Presides.

There never was a woman in this city who followed the profession of embalming and director of funerals but Mrs. Rubie H. Adams Dabney, the late wife of Mr. James H. Dabney, the well known funeral director in this city. Mrs. Dabney learned the profession in a well known institution in the north for which she was given a diploma. She was as successful in the business as her husband and on all occasions was her husband's assistant. Mrs. Dabney became well known in this country, at the funeral of the late Blanche K. Bruce, formerly Register of the Treasury. She was an assistant of her husband on that occasion. She was popular among a large class of citizens and was connected with many



MRS. RUBY ADAMS DABNEY, well known organizations and charitable enterprises.

At 2:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon the last impressive memorial services were held at Zion Baptist Church, southwest, to pay tribute to the noble and useful life and worth of the late Mrs. Rubie H. Dabney, who departed this life December 11th, 1902.

The exercises were held under the auspices of the memorial committee composed of a number of her friends. Those invited to deliver addresses were representatives of the various organizations to which the deceased belonged, or intimate acquaintances of the family. Lawyer W. C. Martin, chairman of the memorial committee, presided and Miss Fannie Powell, District worthy Recorder of this District House hold of Ruth No. 1, D. C. G. U. O. of O. F., acted as secretary. Eulogistic addresses were made by W. L. Houston, Grand Director elect of the subcommittee of management G. U. O. of O. F. in America. Mrs. R. N. Lumkins, secretary of Golden Red Fountain No. 253 G. F. U. O. T. R., Rev. J. F. Chesnut pastor of Central M. E. Church of which Mrs. Dabney was a member, Mrs. M. A. Parker, Mrs. M. E. Griffin, Mr. R. S. Smith, Mrs. Julia Layton, Miss Sadie Hall, Mrs. Jennie Vanier and Prof. W. L. Board, of Wilberforce, Invocation and benediction by Dr. W. J. Howard, pastor of this church. Special music for the occasion was rendered by the church choir, under the direction of Mr. E. W. Scott, Prof. R. J. Daniels, organist.

The resolutions prepared by the committee on resolutions, were presented through its chairman, Mrs. J. M. Layton and on motion adopted. The services were well attended and the addresses were of a high order and showed that Mrs. Dabney possessed many splendid personal virtues which made her a hundred of warm devoted friends and admiring acquaintances, and that by reason of her finished life and character, her splendid accomplishments of mind and heart, in her death, her family, her host of faithful friends and the community at large have sustained an irreparable loss.

Annie E. Curtis, the beloved daughter of Chas. C. and Mary Curtis died Monday, December 1, 1902, at 5 a. m., ill 1524 L street, n. w. She had been at several weeks, but only confined to her bed for ten days. She bore her illness with Christian fortitude. The funeral was held at Shiloh Baptist Church, Wednesday, December 3, 1902, at 2 p. m., Rev. J. Anderson Taylor preached a most affectionate sermon. The music was furnished by the Juvenile Choir of that church, of which she was a member, and also a teacher in the Sunday School, and secretary of the Foreign and Home Mission Society. She was born in Bedford, Iowa, Dec. 13, 1884. Many beautiful floral designs were given by her admiring friends and associates. The following young men were the pall bearers: Mr. Geo. Turner, Mr. James Hayes, Mr. Earnest Turner, Mr. William Harris, Mr. Mack Barnes and Mr. Wm. Burns.

"We loved her, yes, we loved her, But angels loved her more. Alas, she has gone to the other shore."

A Tenement House Tragedy.
In Philadelphia is a big dog, rejoicing in the name of Kaiser. He has all the affection and much of the intelligence of a human being. Early one morning he discovered the dead body of Rebecca Ettelman, the nine-year-old daughter of his master, lying at the bottom of an air shaft in a downtown tenement, into which she had fallen during the night. No one heard her fall, and the dog, knowing that something was wrong, sought the father, who was sleeping in a doorway, and awakening him, led him to where the body lay. The family had come from Massachusetts on a visit. The night was hot, the quarters close, and all the inmates of the house slept on roofs and fire-escapes and in doorways. This is a typical tenement house tragedy.

Cats Exterminators Birds.
Cats have become so numerous in Switzerland that the extermination of the birds is feared.

Court Danger All the Time.
Eighty thousand people live within the danger radius of Mount Vesuvius.

HOUSE & HERRMAN,

THE LARGEST INSTALLMENT HOUSE In the CITY

Now is the time to FURNISH YOUR HOUSE.
Carpet your Floors and LIVE Comfortably.

Do You want a CHRISTMAS PRESENT?

Only First-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class clerks. No matter how large your Purchases are, immediate delivery is made to any part of the city and county.

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Name THE BEE when you call.

Headquarters of Candy Kitchens

Our Candies Made Daily. Wholesale and Retail.

Candies, Ice Cream and
Ice Cream Soda.

908 7th Street, Northwest.

and.

12 pounds for \$1.00

Able Assistants.

The United States branch of the Police Court is ably conducted by Mr. Alexander Mulloney and Mr. Ralph



ALEXANDER MULLONEY, Assistant U. S. Attorney.

Gives. There are no two young men more popular with the bar. They both dispatch their work with ease and without friction. The new district attorney will find both of these young men able assistants.



DR. PHIL B. BROOKS, A progressive and successful physician.

WM. CANNON.

Among the many enterprising men in this city is Mr. Wm. Cannon, who conducts a business at 225 and 1227 7th street northwest. Mr. Cannon is known to be a friend to the poor and one of the most liberal men in this city. If you want good wines, whiskies and cigars call on Mr. Cannon during the holidays.

Mr. Beach the new district attorney who will succeed Judge A. M. Gould is a young man of ability and it is quite evident that he will make one of most successful prosecuting officers ever been appointed.

Mrs. Gableton (at the seashore)—Must I keep my mouth closed while in the water?
Gableton—Yes, if possible. — Chicago Daily News.

Turned Girls' Heads.
"Do you see that tall chap, Pedro? Well, he has turned many a girl's head."
"But he is neither handsome nor rich."
"I know that."
"Then how did he turn girls' heads?"
"With his preparation. He manufactures hair bleach."—Philadelphia Record.

A Foolish Question.
Dora—Oh, I'm in such distress of mind and I want your advice. I am loved by three men, and I don't know which to accept.
Clara—Which one has the most money?
Dora—If I knew that, do you suppose I'd waste precious time running

420 to 426 Seventh St. **LANSBURGH & BRO.** 417 to 425 Eighth Street.

Do you want Handsome Presents?
CALL and inspect Lansburg and Bro.

Pocketbooks from \$1.00 up stamped free.
All Silver Articles Engraved free.
Manograms on Umbrellas free.
We box everything boxable free.

This is a first class Dry Good Store. The reputation of this firm is too well established for comment. Today at this Store you can purchase GOODS AT A BARGAIN. This is one of the Up To-Date Establishments, where you can purchase all kinds of Dress Goods of high class. Boy's Overcoats, Men's Handkerchiefs, Waist Patterns for women, Jacquard, Blanket, Coney Scarfs. No other House in the city carries the line of goods that this House does.

LANSBURGH & CO.,

420 to 426 7th St., N. W., and 417 to 425 8th St. N. W.

THE GREATEST, IN THE CITY

Get CHRISTMAS WINES and
LIQUORS From

Chris Xander,
909 7th St. N. W.

The purest Wines and Liquors in the United States. Wine made from grapes fresh from the vine. Ask for "XANDER'S OLD RESERVE."

Announcement

—OF—

Voight, Jeweler,

725 SEVENTH STREET N. W.

(Next to Johnson's Grocery)

I beg to announce that I have just returned from New York, where have made extensive purchases in Jewellery and Silverware. The same have arrived, are unpacked, and ready for your inspection.

Ladies' 14k. Solid Gold Watches, \$20; sold elsewhere; \$25
Ladies' Solid Gold Rings, \$1, \$1.50, \$2.50 and \$3.50; worth twice the price;
Ladies' Genuine Diamond Rings, \$5 up to \$100; all of them gems.
Ladies' Solid Gold Lorgnette Chains, \$2.00 warranted for five years' wear.
Ladies' Solid Gold Brooches, \$2.50 up to \$25.
Gents' Solid Gold Dumb-bell Sleeve buttons, \$3.50; a useful present.
Gents' 14k. Gold-filled Chains, \$2.00 warranted for five years' wear.
Gents' Diamond Sleeve Buttons, \$5 up; a little gem in each button.
Gents' Diamond Studs, \$7.50 up.
Gents' Solid Gold Rings, with genuine stones, from \$4 up.
Solid Silver Thimbles, 25c.
Solid Silver Teaspoons, from \$4.00 half dozen up.
Ladies' Silver Watches, \$4 and \$5

VOIGT,

725 7th St. N. W.

established 1863.

established 1863

A. HERMAN,
RELIABLE
CLOTHIER.

738 7th St, N.W

[Corner H Street.]

HERE'S A LITTLE



Pointer for You

By Miss MAY CLEMATIS.

Dorah. I would advise you not to deceive your friend. It will react to your detriment some day.

Etta. You cannot please every one, take my advice and leave well enough alone. A true friend is hard to find.

Elsie. It is the good girl who will do good deeds. Don't allow the bad habits of others to influence you.

Nellie. A girl is judged by her manners. You should so conduct yourself that your enemies will not suspect you.

Bella. A good disposition is the immediate jewel of a woman. Bad habits will end in destruction.

Ida. Speak well of your neighbor and do not allow yourself to be brought into a gossip.

Ione. I am glad to see you look like yourself again. Remember what Shakespeare says: "Sorrow never could revive the dead, so we weep because we weep in vain."

Liz. Dress doesn't make a man or woman. It will add to his or her appearance.

Mamie. You can win more by coaxing than you can by threats. Kind words soothe the most stubborn heart.

I. M. It is the honest girl who retains the friendship of her companions.

D. T. The Native Washingtonian's will desert their organization.

Rachel. Don't allow yourself to be persuaded by new faces. Girls act very foolish sometimes.

Ida. Never allow yourself to be influenced to do those who are your true friends. False friendship leads one to destruction.

Sarah. Flashy dressing will suit the girl who has no taste, but not a lady of refinement.

Girls are not at all careful of their association now. Some girls like others because they dress well. Don't forget that character is necessary all the time.

Miss M. Your questions have two constructions. If you are convinced that marrying will improve your condition, then accept the advice of your friends. Your mother's advice should be heeded. Divorces are numerous now.

Estelle. You are tired of teaching and your desire is to marry. Do as you think best. If you have him under control now, your fate will never be conjectured.

Nella. You should get something in your head. Beau y soon fades and dress is only momentary.

Sis. Yes, you should know how to keep house. Good men will appreciate good house wives.

Sedateness is a quality that will carry any lady through life.

Letter writing should be conducted with care.

A letter should be so written that a third party can read it.

It is in bad taste to come to a conclusion on doubtful information.

Never allow a position to cause you to lose your manners.

One that is never satisfied is always unhappy.

Ammy. Be thoughtful. It will pay you in the end. A reliable person can always be relied on.

J. Think well of every one, until you are convinced to the contrary. Don't believe always that your friends are dishonest because they should make a mistake once.

We often dislike one because others do.

We form and express an opinion because of what other people say.

It is always best to hear both sides of all questions and decide for ourselves.

Girls will talk and form their likes and dislikes because of what other people say.

Don't envy others because they are more successful than you are.

Speak well of every one and don't come to a hasty conclusion.

If you can't speak well of your neighbors it is best to say nothing.

It is bad taste to allow a gentleman to write familiar letters to you, that you have met away.

Pretextations are often construed as honest expressions.

Don't imagine that you are admired because you are told so. Deception is often an underlying principle with some people.

A weak girl will be persuaded by flattery.

It is your dress that men often admire and not yourself.

Put the same face in tattered gowns and see how much you are appreciated.

Be what you are and you will succeed.

S. You should be one thing or nothing. You cannot have the same mind and appreciation.

RULER OF GONZALES.

Strange Romance in Life of Gypsy Queen Stella.

After Twenty Years of Separation She Finds the Lover of Her Youth a Convict in an Ohio Penitentiary.

After 20 long years of waiting Queen Stella has at last found the lover of her youth, the handsome young torador who won her girl's heart in the sunny days of her youth in Spain.

Though found, the lovers are not yet reunited. That is, says the Chicago Tribune, the pathetic part of it. They became separated in Spain and have sought each other ever since. Now they have met and looked into each other's eyes and renewed the love of their youth. Still they are separated by a barrier greater than the dark eyed gypsy ever thought it possible to be erected between them. And by no real fault of her lover, either, so the devoted woman maintains.

Queen Stella of the Gonzales has created for herself a warm affection wherever she has gone in America. She came here for the sake of her people, the gypsy tribe of the Gonzales, the oldest tribe of this renowned race. In this connection she has addressed organizations and colleges in different parts of the country.

From the time of the Pharaohs, the Gonzales, these people of Egyptian birth, have been roving about, journeying hither and thither in their wanderings through the old world, living the wild, care free life known only to the wandering tribes that first inhabited the earth.

At last the Gonzales found their way to Spain. It was here Queen Stella was born. And here she attained to a ruler of her people, being the last in a long succession of reigning female sovereigns.

No one would have ever found out her secret had not she gone to Columbus, O., where recently she had made her home.

Twenty years ago, in her early Spanish home, Pedro Gonzales became Queen Stella's accepted suitor. His powers in the arena had made him famous. Six feet tall, and as strong as a lion, his daily struggles with the

bulls seemed the natural outlet for his native temperament. No bullfight was complete unless the matchless young torador participated in it.

The dark eyed young queen was proud of the strong, handsome young lover whom she ardently admired. To Pedro Queen Stella's word was law. Not because her rank made it so, but because she reigned supreme in his heart. But the young queen must be true to her people. Her own advantages made her conscious of the great obligation she was under to them. So she came to America to prepare a way for her tribe to follow. Pedro would soon follow, it was agreed.

Certain members of the Gonzales did come, but months passed and still no word from Pedro. He had disappeared from Spain no one knew whither. At last word reached Queen Stella that Pedro was dead.

Shortly after Queen Stella went to Columbus to live she conceived a notion one day to visit the prisoners at the state penitentiary. Why she went she does not know.

The next day a note was sent her. It read: "If you are my Dolores, answer. Convict No. 3,003." Dolores was what Pedro used to call her. But no one else knew her by that name. So Queen Stella answered the note at once, saying she did not know the writer.

The next Sunday, however when she went to talk to the prisoners, she asked to see No. 3,003. The prisoner stepped forward, but before he could welcome her Queen Stella lay a huddled mass at his feet. One glance was enough. It showed her the lover she had lost, her Pedro whom she had mourned as dead.

He shot a man once in self-defense, so he claims, and for that he is wearing the gray prison garb. As soon as he could Pedro told her that he came to America in search of her, wandering from place to place. But he could get no trace of his adored Dolores.

He had always a wonderful magnetism for horses; they followed readily at his merest word, and he became a horse trainer. It was while engaged in his profession that the encounter occurred that led to his crime. But there is a good chance for parole now.

Hair Dye Shortens Life.

It is said that the use of hair dye shortens human life. For this reason some of the life insurance companies of France refuse to insure people who use it.

CORSET MADE TROUBLE.

It Separated Man and Wife and Reunited Them After Many Heartaches.

Hidden away in a drawer filled with the innumerable treasures of her trousseau, Mrs. Robert Livingston Beekman, the beautiful daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Samuel Thomas, of New York, has a dream of a corset which was the innocent cause of bringing the one shadow into the life of a happy married Brooklyn couple.

A few years ago Mrs. Beekman, who was then Miss Eleanor Thomas, set out with her maid on a trip to the far west. The pride of her traveling wardrobe was a corset made of the richest kind of silk and trimmed



EXPLANATIONS DIDN'T GO.

with lace. After leaving Cincinnati, Miss Thomas missed the corset and called upon the maid for explanation. The maid said she was sure she had packed it. Inquiry was made of the hotel people, but it had not been seen. Miss Thomas always was anxious to solve the mystery of the corset's disappearance, and when her father, Gen. Samuel Thomas, went to Cincinnati a year later she asked him to inquire further at the hotel about it. He did so.

The clerk looked dazed for a minute and then burst out:

"Then you don't know that that corset has separated a most devoted couple and that a lawyer is now here getting evidence upon which to base a separation suit."

Gen. Thomas was amazed and eagerly listened to the story of the adventures of the missing treasure. When Miss Thomas left her room at the hotel her maid left the corset in the wardrobe. The next day a traveling man from Brooklyn occupied the room. He was suddenly called away, and left orders with the clerk to have his trunk packed with all his possessions in the room and sent to his Brooklyn home. A porter, coming across the corset, packed that, so that when the young wife unpacked the trunk in Brooklyn the first thing that met her eyes was the corset. Explanations "didn't go" with the wife. There was a quarrel and she went home to her mother.

When Mrs. Beekman learned of this she wrote to the wife, telling her she was and how she had lost the corset. The wife was obdurate, and would not accept an explanation until Mrs. Beekman called on her a short time ago and convinced her of her husband's innocence.

WHY HE WAS THANKFUL.

Peculiar Case of a Young Man Who Lost His Right Arm by a Premature Explosion.

"The first serious accident case I ever had," said an old surgeon to a New York Sun reporter, "was that of a young man who had lost an arm

—his right arm it was, too—by the premature explosion of a blast.

"Somehow he didn't have himself reasonably expect of a man who had suffered his loss; but, on the contrary, he was really cheerful over it; and this I didn't understand. And I said to him one day that I thought he was a pretty plucky sort of a man to look at things as he did, considering that it was his right arm, too."

"Why, that," he said, "is the one redeeming feature of the whole business. Suppose I'd lost my left?"

"Why?" said I.

"Why?" said the man, "I'm left-handed! Where would I have been now if I had lost my left arm? I'd open up the stump then, sure enough."

"So, to be sure, as between the two, it was lucky for him to lose his right arm; and still it seemed an odd reason for thankfulness."



"SUPPOSE I'D LOST MY LEFT"

When the father was asked why he had not prevented the runaway instead of stopping it half way, he laughed and said:

"Oh, I thought I would give them a run for their money."

Which proved that papa had sporting blood in his veins.

There was another case of an ardent lover who found his plans all gone wrong at the last minute. He had arranged with the young woman in the case to call for her at night. He was to place a ladder underneath her window and, mounting it, was to give the signal by tapping on her window. Then she was to descend, and they were to depart in haste. He carried out his end of the agreement, but the father in the case became aware of the plan. When the lover tapped on the window, it was opened. But the next instant a large pair of stout arms, not the slender ones of his sweetheart, were around his neck, and he went into the room with more expedition than grace. It was papa again. The young man left the district the next day.

Grass Sprouts in Man's Eye.

A small grass seed which had germinated while in a patient's eye has just been removed by a Japanese oculist.

LOVERS IN TROUBLE.

Elopements That Didn't Turn Out as They Were Planned.

That It Is But a Short Step from the Romantic to the Absurd Is Demonstrated by These Truthful Tales.

When an elopement is successful it is generally romantic. When it is frustrated it is nearly always absurd. It is as short a step from the romantic to the absurd as it is from the sublime to the ridiculous.

There are the experiences of Henry Halliday, the son of an English squire, and Miss Margaret Danby to illustrate the point. These two young people and the opponents of their marriage seem to have copied an old English comedy. At least their experiences had been the plot of a play a hundred years before.

The father of the bride to be frowned on the match, as fathers do occasionally, and then the lovers, as lovers do occasionally, prepared to defy the parental displeasure and elope. With the assistance of a coachman and a groom belonging to Mr. Danby they escaped from the bride's home one night and got into the carriage, which was closed tightly. Then they dashed away for the railroad station at a furious pace. The rain poured down and the carriage plowed through pools of water. Within the lovers were snug enough, and radiant with the thought that a half hour would find them on a train and beyond the jurisdiction of the sire.

The wild dash of the horses never slackened. After a half hour of such riding they began to expect that the station would soon be reached, but the pace kept up. Surely a half hour had passed, but they kept going on. Just as the young man was about to raise a disturbance, thinking that the wrong road must have been taken, the carriage stopped.

Confident at last, the two prepared to emerge. As they stepped from the vehicle the young woman's father stepped forward to aid them out.

They found themselves at the door of Danby hall. The bride's brothers were gathered around them, and all were laughing.

"Come in and get something warm," said the stern parent. "You must be cold after your ride."

Of course the coachman had betrayed them. They had been going in a circle which had brought them back to the starting point.

The sad story of the English lovers is similar to that of two young people of southern Illinois who had arranged to play with fate and balk papa—the bride's papa, of course.

All arrangements had been made for a stealthy departure for Chicago. They left the bride's home secretly, and rode to a distant railroad station. There they hid and waited until train time. Just as the whistle sounded down the road they emerged from their hiding place and ran into the arms of papa and several of his friends.

Several vehicles were waiting for them, and instead of taking the train, they rode home with chastened spirit. It appeared that the lover, in an expansive spirit, had revealed the intended trip to his bosom friends, sworn to deepest secrecy, naturally. The pledge held good until the young man was out of sight, and then—well, the secret was too good to keep, and papa finally heard of it.

When the father was asked why he had not prevented the runaway instead of stopping it half way, he laughed and said:

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Girl's Father Stepped Forward.

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ATTENTION LADIES!!!

-Hair Restorer.-

All who are desirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer Oriental Complexion Cream so cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale.

1304 4th Street Northwest. Agency at THE BEE Office.

J. H. Babney,

Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stable carriages hired for funerals, tues, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 3rd Street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office Main 1727 Telephone call for Stable Main 1482-5.

Our Stables, in Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

1132 3rd St. N. W.

J. H. BABNEY, Proprietor

UNIQUE FOOD TEST.

It is Now Being Conducted in Washington Under the Direction of Prof. H. W. Wiley.

Prof. Wiley, the chemist of the agricultural department, began running a government boarding house the other day. The 12 young men who have agreed to submit to experiment to determine the effect of chemically treated foods all arrived at the department promptly at 7:30 o'clock in the morning. Every ounce of food and drink they took was carefully measured, and the same system will be followed during the whole six months of the experiment.

For a week or two they will be given only the best and most nutritious food, so as to determine the action of differ-



PROF. H. W. WILEY.

(Chief Chemist of United States Department of Agriculture.)

ent substances in the case of each man. After this preliminary training the 12 free boarders, who are all clerks in the department, will be divided into two squads, who will take their meals at separate tables. At one table the food will all be prepared with adulterants, coloring matter and preservative compounds. This is to be known as the poison squad, and they will be fed in this way for a period of half a month, when the tables will be turned literally and the other half dozen young men will become the poison squad and the first six will recuperate on the fat of the land.

There is a secret connected with all this which even the young men who are being experimented upon will not be able to penetrate. One clerk will be fed throughout with adulterated food and one will be given nothing but pure food, but the greatest care is to be taken so that no one will know the identity of these men except the chemist in charge so as to avoid any effects on the body as the result of mere imagination.

The clerks who are to be the subject of this extraordinary experiment are delighted at the chance of securing their table board for six months absolutely free of cost to themselves, especially as they know that Prof. Wiley and several attending physicians will see to it that there are no dangerous or fatal results.

Oyster Bed in a Well.

Robert Douglas, a colored man of Paris, Tex., has an oyster bed in his well. Two years ago he brought home an oyster which was covered with little oyster shells, and one of his children threw it into the well. Now the bottom of the well is an oyster bed, and often the well bucket is found covered with young oysters.

IF YOU WANT A PLACE



To Board ADVERTISE IN THE WASHINGTON BEE

HOLIDAY AT

JOHN RICKLES' BUFFET

ALL KINDS OF

Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

Heurich's Beer 5c per bottle. Overholt Whiskey \$1.00 per Quart, 10c per drink.

Cor. 6th and C Streets Northwest, Washington, D. C.

Elegant Club Rye Whiskey

J. F. KEEN N

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER

402 PENN. AVENUE, N. W.

Washington, D. C.

Established 1883.

Telephone Connection.

The Louis Rothschild Co.,

RECTIFIERS and WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS.

Sole Distributors of James E. Pepper Whiskey. Proprietors of Silver Creek Rye.

Represented by Sam Rothschild.

Marlin

32 Cal. High-Pressure Smokeless IN MODEL 1893

WE are prepared to furnish our full line of Model '93 rifles, solid and take-down, for the new 32 Caliber HIGH PRESSURE SMOKELESS cartridge. This size uses a 165-grain bullet and has a velocity of over 2,000 feet per second, making it the most powerful cartridge made for an American arm, with the exception of the .30-40 U. S. Army. It is sufficiently deadly for any game known in North America.

Another great advantage is that the barrel is bored and rifled (but not chambered) exactly the same as the regular .32-40 Marlin, one turn in 16 inches. This makes the use of black powder and lead bullets as satisfactory and convenient as in a regular black powder rifle.

This rifle is the first high-pressure arm developed in this country for a caliber larger than .30, and the first to use a slow enough twist to give best results with black powder ammunition.

Price range \$30-30 MARLIN. 1.00 per set (of rifle, shotgun, ammunition, etc., cover in 10 cases, mixed for three stamps.

THE MARLIN FIRE ARMS CO. NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

A Beautiful Brooch Free

IF you want a beautiful Brooch, a Hand Painted Miniature Picture FREE, Send a once YOUR PHOTOGRAPH on Tin-Type and Receive a Hand Painted Brooch. These brooches are put in rolled gold frames. Every one guaranteed. end one dollar for 6 months subscription for THE BEE or two dollars for one year. If you send in your subscription for six months with your picture, you will receive one Brooch of yourself or any one whose picture you may send. One Years subscription will entitle you to Two Brooches. Call and see samples or send your Subscription with Photo graph or tin-type to

The Bee Printing Co.

1109 1st Street, Northwest

CHARLES H. JERMAN,

The Best Home Market in the City.—
Housekeepers, Hotels and Boarding
House Quick Served.

Charles H. Jerman, who has recently succeeded his father in business at the corner of 11th and I streets; northwest, known as The Home Market, has the best system for quick delivery of any place in the city. Boarding houses, hotels and those who have dining rooms should not fail to call and inspect this place, because Mr. Jerman has every accommodation for quick delivery and he never disappoints. Fresh meats, vegetables, fish, poultry and game are always on hand and they are brought to this market fresh every day. There is no store in this city that has the reputation for keeping first class goods as his store has. The facilities for quick service are large and the outlook today for having the largest and best market are bright. Mr. Jerman is a young man having been born in 1872 near Fairfax, Va., and in 1891 he came to this city. He graduated from the Business High school when quite a young man, and by perseverance associated with his business qualification has given the people of this city a market that they appreciate, which is fully demonstrated by their patronage. The community will continue to encourage such an enterprising young man. Don't forget the place Home Market corner 11th & I sts., nw., if you want a fresh killed Christmas turkey. The housekeeper will find this a convenient corner. When you have such convenience so near, show your appreciation by patronizing it. Don't fail to call.

Chris Xander.

The greatest wine house in the city is kept by Chris Xander, who for 39 years has maintained a reputation for keeping the purest wines and liquors in the United States. His name is a household word. When you are asked from whom did you purchase your wines and liquors, if you say Chris Xander, that alone is sufficient. There is everything in a name. Without a reputation in the community in which you live, you are not regarded a good citizen. In ancient times, in the city of Rome, if a man was unlawfully seized and when he said, "I am a Roman citizen," was enough for his captors. So it is with Mr. Chris Xander. These wines and liquors are from Xander's.

WHERE TO PURCHASE.

If you want first class goods for the holidays, THE BEE invites its readers to the business houses that are published in its issue this week and its special holiday addition December 23d. In THE BEE this week will be seen a number of new advertisements more than all others weekly papers published combined. THE BEE goes to the homes and fidesides of the leading as well as the poorest people in the city. For that reason THE BEE is the greatest advertising medium for colored as well as the white trade than any other weekly paper in the city.

House and Herman
7th and I streets northwest keep on hand some of the finest goods in the country. If you want to fit your bed room, parlor, or any other place go to this popular firm. See the advertisement in another column.

Fels

is the place to go if you want a first class shoe. This is Heilbrun's old stand 402 to 404 7th street northwest. You will find polite clerks willing and ready at all times to wait on you. The best place in the city to be fitted. A bad foot is given a shape at this place and a pretty one made out of a bad one. Give him a call.

George and Co.

If you want a good suit of clothes for your boy or for yourself; if you want underwear; first class shirts, caps, hats on anything to make you look well and keep you comfortable you should not hesitate to visit George and Co., 907 7th st. northwest. Just read his advertisement.

Good Whiskies.

There is nothing more enjoyable to a household than to sit at your old friend to a glass of wine or a drink of good whiskey. People who talk temperance drink more whiskey than any body else. It is no more to have good whiskey in the house than it is to occupy a good seat in a theatre. The Bee has several high toned business houses published where you can be served in good order. The old and reliable Xander 909 7th st. northwest, Kessel 425-10th st. northwest and Louis Rothschild Co., 405-7th st. northwest.

The Little ones.

Don't forget the little ones and those who have a sweet tooth. For Christmas candies go to the candy kitchens 908 7th street and 1614 14th st. northwest and P. Skados 1522 7th st. northwest the best candy manufacturers in the city. Just read their advertisements in this issue of The Bee.

\$100,000 to

If you have no money to purchase goods from any of these stores and you think you will have a green Christmas go to the Surety Loan Co., room 1 Warder Bldg., 9th and F streets northwest. You can get a loan of the money you want. If you can't be supplied, then go to the old reliable Burnstine 4 1/2 and Pa ave., northwest. There is no cause for you to be despondent.

Read THE BEE and be happy.

Go to Jerman's 11th and I streets northwest.

If you want fine gloves indeed the finest in the United States go to the Louvre Glove store whose advertisement is in another column of this paper and the place that is managed entirely by young ladies. There are two stores. The only stores in the city that can fit anybody. The place that will please you. Send your wives, sisters, brothers, cousins and aunts to the Louvre Glove store.

The public schools will close Tuesday, December 23d, and open January 5th.

GLOVES FOR

XMAS GIFTS.

IF in doubt buy Gloves—no woman has too many. A gift that always comes in handy—in fact, nothing would please the ladies better than to receive a fine pair of LOUVRE GLOVES. No finer gloves are made than the world-known "LOUVRE"—they're as near perfection as gloves can possibly be.

Those who haven't seen our Dollar Gloves have no idea how fine and stylish they are. No Glove in the city at \$1.50 can compare with them—the colors are the colors of fashion—in the popular one and two claps.

One and Two-Clap Heavy Walking Gloves, in the new shade "Champagne" \$1.50
pearl and white—a very swell GLOVE
Our Leader.....

Boys' and Girls' One and Two Clap Street Glove, in all the popular shades Warrented. OUR LEADER.....

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One of the best known young men in this city is Mr. Samuel G. Stewart who by industry and perseverance has made his way to the topmost round of the ladder. No man has made better headway and no young man has more friends among all classes of citizens than Mr. Stewart. He is congenial, kind and a good companion at all times. Do not pass him by while enjoying yourselves.

Atlanta University,

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 15, 1902.

Atlanta University defeated Talladega College last Friday in football by the decisive score of 17 to 6. The game was clean throughout. Atlanta excelled Talladega in every department of the game.

The score between Atlanta and the Baptist College a week previously was 5 to 0 in favor of Atlanta.
A. H. HOLSEY, Mgr.

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JOHNSTON'S

Christmas Bargains

CANDY 7 1/2 c. pound

Arbuckles Coffee 10 c. pound

Blue hen matches 12 1/2 c. dozen

Nuts 12 1/2 pound

Good mixed Tea 40 c. pound

Corn Beef 5 c. pound

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